

The Insane Asylum also is to be taken for a hospital.

STEAM FIRE ENGINES.
The Cabinet voted to-day to send North for two steam fire engines, with companies to work them. There is nothing in Washington that can put out a fire.

THE ENGAGEMENT AT GAULEY BRIDGE.
No dispatches have been received from Gen. Rosecrans up to a late hour this evening. Those received this morning were from trustworthy agents of the Government.

COMMUNICATION WITH THE LOWER POTOMAC.
Within two or three days, telegraphic communication will be established with General Hooker, on the Lower Potomac. Thirty of the thirty-five miles are already completed. The line will probably be extended to Port Tobacco, where the lower flotilla can be reached.

THE MINISTER FROM SWEDEN AND NORWAY.
Count Edward Piper, the new Minister from the Kingdom of Sweden and Norway, arrived to-day. He has not yet been presented.

RESIGNATION OF GEN. WOOL.
I learn upon good authority that Major-General Wool has tendered his resignation to the Government.

THE ENGAGEMENT BETWEEN ROSECRANS AND FLOYD.
An official telegram received to-day states that Gen. Floyd's force is 7,000, and that Benham's and "Chenck's" brigades were following him on the new road. The dispatch is extremely hopeful of a brilliant victory, and the prospect of it is cheering.

AN ENGAGEMENT OFF HATTERAS INLET.
A REBEL STEAMER ATTACKS THE HARRIET LANE—THE PORTS AND HARRIET LANE RESPOND—THE REBEL ESCAPES.

The following is from *The Richmond Examiner*, of November 4, 1861:

"There has been received at the Navy Department the report of Captain Hunter, dated off the North Carolina Coast, Confederate steamer *Carlew*, October 30, 1861. We make the following extract from the report:

"At dawn yesterday we started, and on our way looked in at Beaufort Island and Ocracoke, but saw nothing with certainty of the enemy at or near either place. We then started for Hatteras Inlet, and when near the position of the inner buoy the enemy opened fire upon us from the fort and two or three of their steamers, without injury. On coming within easy range, I sighted the rebel gun at the Harriet Lane, fired, and the two steamers continuing to fire at us as rapidly as possible. We fired six shells to twenty-five and twenty-five, and as the course of the steamer was necessarily changed to keep in the narrow channel, we fired the stern gun at them five times, tracing it well forward. It is uncertain whether the enemy sustained any injury, although many of the crew and officers think the fourth shell took effect amidship of a very long three-masted steamer lying near the Harriet Lane, and another burst between the two. A small steamer was seen employed towing a merchant vessel either out of danger or out of range of the fort. The *Vandals* fired six shells at us. Only one of which came near.

Feeling that I had carried out the spirit of your instructions, I withdrew and waited within half a mile of the buoy, hoping to draw the small steamer outside. When we fired the stern gun the fort returned the shot. We stood back, fired another shell, and took our departure.

All hands displayed great enthusiasm, and seemed delighted when one steamer began moving toward us. There were at anchor inside sixteen sailing vessels and three steamers. Only one vessel in the offing.

The steamer *Spaulding* is hourly expected here, and we then will have the news of the fight. Nothing has been heard from Hatteras since two weeks ago.

From *The Richmond Examiner* of Nov. 4 we learn that the work on the Merrimack is still uncompleted, and that there are great complaints of sloveness and imperfection in the iron work as furnished by the foundries there, and adds that it is certainly high time that the Merrimack was completed, if there had been a proper regard for our river defense.

A correspondent of *The Examiner* complains that Gov. Letcher, who had visited the Peninsula to look after the situation, had done nothing on arriving there but eat hog, fish, and drink.

ARREST OF PARKER H. FRENCH.
The Superintendent of the Government detective police arrived here this evening, with the notorious Parker H. French in charge. French was captured at Branford, Conn., with many important papers in his possession, among them the by-laws and constitution of the Knights of the Golden Circle.

This is said to be the most important arrest yet made by the Government.

THE MARYLAND ELECTION.
Frederick, Md., Tuesday, Nov. 5, 1861.
Everything is quiet in Frederick. The election to-morrow creates no unusual excitement. The Union sentiment is predominant in Frederick County. Bradford (Union) will have 1,000 majority; Washington County will give him 2,500 majority.

ARMY AND NAVY.
The only movement of importance at the Brooklyn Navy-Yard yesterday was the putting into commission of the purchased steamer *Santiago* de Cuba, which was done with the usual formalities. The following is a correct list of her officers:

Commander, D. B. Reddy; Lieutenant and Executive Officer, William Gibson; Acting Master, William C. Chasman; G. R. Schenck; Surgeon, W. A. McLean; Surgeon, R. O. Mason; Acting Assistant Paymaster, C. M. Gould; Acting First Assistant Engineer, J. Ferrar; Acting Second Assistant, W. E. Moore; Acting Third Assistant, E. A. Bussell; J. M. Court; and E. D. Merrill; Acting Gunner, S. Young; Acting Master's Mate, W. H. Eiley; T. J. Dwyer, and L. Coxwell.

The *Santiago* de Cuba carries eight broadside guns, one 11-inch gun, a crew of 130, and a guard of marine. The ship's surgeon, Knapp (S), Commander Eytzinger, will leave the yard to-day.

The employees at the Brooklyn Navy-Yard are now being paid off. As there are 3,700 men at work now, it will take three days to pay them, and by that time another payment will be due them. They should be paid on the 8th and 23rd of each month. In consequence of the election, the men left the yard at 3 o'clock yesterday. Commodore Paulding is still absent at Washington, and Capt. Almy acts in his place.

Governor's Island looks very quiet since the Cape Hatteras prisoners were transferred to Fort Warren. The men are drilled twice a day in company drill, and there are two dress parades daily, which is not customary. The extra parade was ordered by Col. Louis for the benefit of the young officers, of whom there are about twenty now on duty on the island.

Work in the Ordnance Department remains very active, and vessels are constantly at the wharf, either discharging or receiving various kinds of ordnance stores. As one evidence of the amount of work done there, we may mention the fact that the four yoke of oxen used for carting materials to and from the yard have been completely used up, and horses have had to be obtained from Brooklyn.

WHAT MICHIGAN HAS DONE.
Correspondence of *The N. Y. Tribune*.
GALVESTON, Mich., Oct. 29, 1861.
In *THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE* of Oct. 29, I notice an estimate of our army in the field, in which Michigan's contribution, with that of several other States, is omitted for want of authentic information.

Michigan has now in the field, mostly on the Potomac, at or near Washington, ten regiments of infantry and one of cavalry, besides detached companies in various parts. Most of these contain the maximum number of men, and all are to be raised to that standard. The cavalry regiment numbers 1,140 men. The condition of the forces now in the State is nearly as follows: Col. May's regiment, at White Pigeon, is nearly ready to take the field. Col. Sinclair's (Irish), Detroit, contains from 600 to 700 men. The regiment of fusiliers, at Marshall, is nearly full. Stuart's Rifles, that went into camp at Kalamazoo last week, numbers 500. The 10th regiment infantry, in camp at Detroit, contains from 300 to 400 men. Two full regiments of cavalry are in camp at Grand Rapids, one of which is ordered to the field next Thursday.

By the 1st of November Michigan will have ready for active service twelve regiments of infantry and two of cavalry. To these should be added several companies and battalions, making a total of 15,000 men, to be increased within a month to 19,000 or 20,000. Her record shows she is behind none of the loyal States in her devotion to the cause she has so heartily espoused.

NEW-JERSEY.
NEWARK, Tuesday, Nov. 5, 1861.
The Assemblymen in Essex County are about divided. The entire Democratic County ticket is elected, and the first Democratic Sheriff for thirty years.

ELECTION IN THE CITY.
An unusually light vote was polled in this city yesterday, much smaller, in fact, than was generally expected, the total not exceeding 10,000. Thousands, entirely absorbed by the war, were quite indifferent as to the result, and did not vote at all. There was no excitement or disturbance whatever attending the election, and but for the knots of men gathered about the polling booths, one would not have supposed that a State and County contest was being waged. Upon the local tickets there was a good deal of contention, and an indefinite amount of scratching and trading. How well the compact between the Republican and Union organizations was observed, the votes will show. It is currently charged that many Republicans voted for Lynch, in order to defeat Mr. Brown, but we are not prepared to believe so badly of them. The Police arrangements were all that could be desired, to insure good order; but we have not heard of a solitary instance in which anybody attempted to break a head, swear in an illegal vote, or otherwise render himself amenable to arrest. Owing to the complex combinations on the local tickets, the canvass was very much delayed, considering the lightness of the vote. Below we present our readers with returns as complete as we have been able to make them, collected from all the Districts, by our own reporters, expressly for *THE TRIBUNE*:

SENATORS ELECTED.
Dist. IV.—CHRISTIAN R. WOODRUFF, Tammany and Mozart.
Dist. V.—CHARLES G. CORNELL, Tammany.
Dist. VI.—JOHN J. BRADLEY, Tammany and Mozart.
Dist. VII.—RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Independent.

ASSEMBLYMEN ELECTED.
Dist. I. John Callahan, Tammany and Mozart.
II. Daniel Leamy, Tammany.
III. George Loutrel, Tammany and Mozart.
IV. Wm. C. Kinney, Mozart.
V. James W. Bush, Republican and People's.
VI. Wm. J. Coey, Tam. and Mozart.
VII. Henry J. Raymond, People's and Rep.
VIII. William G. Olvany, Mozart.
IX. Alexander McLeod, Rep.
X. D. M. O'Brien, Tam. and Mozart.
XI. Noah A. Childs, People's and Rep.
XII. Andrew Smith, Tam.
XIII. Alex. Ward, Tam. and Mozart.
XIV. Royal Phelps, People's and Rep.
XV. David S. Coddington, Tam.
XVI. Edmund McCabe, Rep.
XVII. Edmund Jones, Tam. and Mozart.

VOTE FOR ASSEMBLYMEN.
First District.
Quigley, People's, 608.
Callahan, Tammany and Mozart, 807.
Flynn, Independent, 59.
Callahan over Quigley, 149.

Second District.
Sullivan, People's, 199.
Leamy, Tammany, 1,460.
Murray, Mozart, 73.
Donohue, Independent, 666.
Leamy over Murray, 707.

Third District.
Egan, People's, 517.
Polhemus, Republican, 779.
Loutrel, Tammany and Mozart, 1,270.
Loutrel over Polhemus, 491.

Fourth District.
Lambrecht, Rep., 733; Standley, Tam., 1,081; Kinney, Mozart, 1,355.

Fifth District.
Bush, People's, 1,678.
Sanford, Tammany and Mozart, 1,566.
Majority for Bush, 122.

Sixth District.
Anderson, Republican, 1,379; Coey, Tammany and Mozart, 3,977; Majority for Coey, 3,598.

Seventh District.
Raymond, People's and Republican, 1,816.
Young, Tammany and Mozart, 1,494.
Majority for Raymond, 322.

Eighth District.
Ellery, People's, 1,180.
Clark, Tammany, 818.
Olvany, Mozart, 1,605.
Olvany over Ellery, 485.

Ninth District.
McLeod, Republican, 2,100; Schell, Mozart and Tammany, 1,312. Majority for McLeod, 788.

Tenth District.
Hillard, Republican, 988; O'Brien, Tam. and Mozart, 1,754. Majority for O'Brien, 766.

Eleventh District.
Childs, People's, 2,439; Hardy, Tammany, 1,904; Majority for Childs, 535.

Twelfth District.
Brinkerhoff, People's, 233; Smith, Tammany, 1,425; Daly, Mozart, 1,029; Harding, Independent, 533. Smith over Daly, 400.

Thirteenth District.
Phelps, People's, 1,968; Hutchings, Democrat, 1,449; Majority for Phelps, 519.

Fourteenth District.
Johnson, People's, 1,320.
Coddington, Tammany, 1,856.
Majority for Coddington, 536.

Fifteenth District.
Whitfield, People's, 462; McCabe, Repub., 1,467; Meehan, Tam. and Mozart, 1,199. McCabe over Meehan, 268.

Sixteenth District.
Ingraham, Republican, 1,223; Jones, Tammany and Mozart, 1,316. Majority Jones, 93.

VOTE FOR SENATORS.
Fourth District.
Union 2,143
Mozart 674
Total 2,817

Fifth District.
Union 1,379
Mozart 1,460
Total 2,839

Sixth District.
Union 1,270
Mozart 491
Total 1,761

Seventh District.
Union 1,081
Mozart 733
Total 1,814

Eighth District.
Union 1,355
Mozart 517
Total 1,872

Ninth District.
Union 1,678
Mozart 1,081
Total 2,759

Tenth District.
Union 1,566
Mozart 733
Total 2,300

Eleventh District.
Union 1,425
Mozart 533
Total 1,958

Twelfth District.
Union 1,904
Mozart 233
Total 2,137

Thirteenth District.
Union 1,449
Mozart 519
Total 2,000

Fourteenth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Fifteenth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Sixteenth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Seventeenth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Eighteenth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Nineteenth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Twentieth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Twenty-first District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Twenty-second District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Twenty-third District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Twenty-fourth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Twenty-fifth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Twenty-sixth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Twenty-seventh District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Twenty-eighth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Twenty-ninth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Thirtieth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Thirty-first District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Thirty-second District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Thirty-third District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Thirty-fourth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Thirty-fifth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Thirty-sixth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Thirty-seventh District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Thirty-eighth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Thirty-ninth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Fortieth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Forty-first District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Forty-second District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Forty-third District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Forty-fourth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Forty-fifth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Forty-sixth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Forty-seventh District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Forty-eighth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Forty-ninth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Fiftieth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Fifty-first District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Fifty-second District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
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Fifty-third District.
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Fifty-fourth District.
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Fifty-fifth District.
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Fifty-sixth District.
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Fifty-seventh District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
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Fifty-eighth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
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Fifty-ninth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
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Sixtieth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
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Sixty-first District.
Union 1,467
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Sixty-second District.
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Sixty-third District.
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Sixty-fourth District.
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Sixty-fifth District.
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Sixty-sixth District.
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Sixty-seventh District.
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Sixty-eighth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Sixty-ninth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Seventieth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Seventy-first District.
Union 1,467
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Total 1,735

Seventy-second District.
Union 1,467
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Seventy-third District.
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Seventy-fourth District.
Union 1,467
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Seventy-fifth District.
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Seventy-sixth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Seventy-seventh District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Seventy-eighth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Seventy-ninth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Eightieth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Eighty-first District.
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Eighty-second District.
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Eighty-third District.
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Eighty-eighth District.
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Eighty-ninth District.
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Ninetieth District.
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Ninety-first District.
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Ninety-second District.
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Ninety-sixth District.
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Ninety-seventh District.
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Ninety-eighth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Ninety-ninth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

Hundredth District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

One hundred and first District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

One hundred and second District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735

One hundred and third District.
Union 1,467
Mozart 268
Total 1,735